## THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1891.

HOAR'SPET SCHEME.

The Infamous Election Bill Is Shelved.

SENATOR STEWART DOES IT.

Re Makes a Motion to Take Up the Financial Bill, Which Is Carried-Sherman's Anti-Silver Speech.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5. - [Special telegram to THE HERALD.]-I telegraphed you some days ago that the Republican silver Senators were growing impatient, and that they would not much longer delay action upon some measure looking to free coinage. They took this action to-day. It came un-expectedly, and it was for this reason al the more irritating to their "gold bug" Republican associates. Senator George was speaking against the force bill, when Stewart, of Nevada, with George's consent,

a void was taken by yeas and nays, and the motion was agreed to—yeas, 24; nays, 29. Jones, of Nevada, McConneil, Shoup, Stanford, Stewart, Teller, Washburn and Welcott voted with the Democrats.

The announcement of the result was received with indications of surprise and disappointment on the Republican side of the chamber. The election bill having been thus displaced and the financial bill taken up the latter was read by the clerk and Stewart moved to amend it by adding his free coinage provision. He argued in support of his amendment, which, he said, would remonatize silver, and place it back where it had been before it was excluded from the mints of the United States and Europe.

Europe.

Sherman said the sudden and unexpected change of scene and the introduction of a new topic of debate, should not allow the revolutionary measure now proposed, (Stewart's amendment) to pass without the serious and sober attention of every might collect material for new books. new topic of debute, should not allow the revolutionary measure now proposed, (Stewart's amendment) to pass without the serious and sober attention of every Senator. The fact that there had been an unexpected defection in the Republican party would not relieve the minority of this party would not relieve the minority of this party would not relieve the minority of this body from its responsibility if it supported that measure. He appealed to the sober sense of responsibility on the Democratic side of the chamber against a measure which he regarded as revolutionary and dangerous, and the effect of which, if it should become law, would be more destructive than that of any measure proposed for years. If the friends of silver had only gatience and would wait until the element of time acted on the silver law of last session, the policy of the United States government and of the French government, together with the use of silver in the South American states, would lift up silver again to the gold standard, and that would give them a gold value

the arens, and if the ordinary course of business had been allowed to deal with the mass of silver and to have 4,500,000 ounces of silver purchased monthly, the price would have been slowly enhanced until, in a few years, it might have reached gold. But speculation entered and an undue ada few years, it might have reached gold. But speculation entered, and an undue advance in the price of silver had been forced by a combination until it has gone up to 120, and then, as more and more silver came upon the market suddenly the price had fallen to 160, showing the rise and fall had not taken place in the natural course of business, but as the effect of the struggle between bulls and hears. He sympathized with the views of the President and of the secretary of the treasury and the general feeling of the Republican Senators that the best measure of relief would be the purchase of the 12,000,000 cauces of silver on the market, and of the series would be the purchase of the 12, on the first section of the bill had made provision for that. The finance committee proposed to take off that load from the silver market and put it up at its market price and then let the law of last session take its course.

Stewart replied to Shewwells assessed arrived here on yesterday. Tents were

Stewart replied to Sherman's argument and insisted it was not the silver men, but the "gold ring" that had tampered with the standard in demonitizeng silver. Reagan also advocated Stewart's amend-ment. Adjourned.

The Omaha Guards Ready to Move.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 5.-A special from

TROOPS ON THE WAY

arrived here on yesterday. Tents were pitched and shelter provided. Crawford, three miles from here, is filled with refugees who had to leave their ranches. About seventy people, mostly women, came here to-day for protection. They came from Hot creek, about twenty-five miles distant, Washington, Jan. 5.—Henderson, of lowa, presented the conference report on the urgency deficiency bill. In doing so, been annihilated, is untrue. The air is

relieving of Colonel Forsyth of the command of the Seventh cavalry by General Miles is confirmed at the War Department to-day. Officials, however, show a decided disinclination to talk about the matter.

General Schofield said: "It has been suggested by a person whom I cannot mention that it would be well to look into the matter of the fight at Wounded Knee creek the other day inasmuch as report states that several Indian women and children were killed. Accordingly General Miles, at a suggestion from here, relieved Colonel Forsyth of his command, pending an investigation of the circumstances of that light, which investigation is probably now being conducted by General Miles. The general management of the fight is also to be looked into, but the particular point in question is the death of women and children."

Considerable criticism against Colonel Forsyths supported.

confiden."

Considerable criticism against Colonel
Forsyth's suspension is heard in the war
department. It seems to be directed against
the policy of relieving an officer during the progress of a campaign instead of waiting until after the trouble is settled. As to the charge that Colonel Forsyth allowed his men to kill women and children, it is stated it would be impossible in the hurry of an unexpected fight and subsequent stampede and pursuit to detect the sex of the Sioux. One officer remarked: "It is presented." ef time acted on the silver law of last session, the policy of the United States government and of the French government, together with the use of silver in the South American states, would lift up silver again to the gold standard, and that would give them a gold value for their silver.

Sherman went on to say that the silver act of last session, suspending the coinage act of last session, suspending the coinage the price of silver bullion, and he had no doubt that if speculators had not entered to the session, the policy of the United States government and of the French government, together with the second to stop firing long enough to find just what sort of an Indian you are shooting at. The women and men look very much alike in their blanket costume and the former are outle as fierce fighters as the men. A Sloux squaw is us bad an enemy as a buck at asked for running orders to Lincoln, active the sex of the Sioux.

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with as true an aim as the best marksmen in the arm, to stop his advance and cry out: 'My son, you must drop that gun, for you are a minor.'"

Another officer said: "At this rate the Sioux troubles will grow to be just as bad as the events of the first three years of the war, when every officer with an independent command, had not only an enemy in front of him, but a court martial behind him."

him."

Still another officer said it was a grave error to order the relif of Colonel Forsyth at this stage of the proceedings, and this should up a warning finger to every colonel in the little army around Pine Itiage to tell them that the death of each Sioux must be explained.

Trinity Coal Pit Explosion Victims. LONDON, Dec. 5 .- A dispatch to the Time from Vienna states that fifty persons were FORT ROBINSON, Neb., Jan. 4.—[From killed outright by the explosion in the The Herald's Special Correspondent in Trinity coal pit in Polish Ostrau Saturday

> Skating Accident on the Danube. PESTH, Dec. 5.-While an enormous crowd was skating on the river Danube in Buda-Pesth, the ice gave way and a num-Buga-Pesta, the ice gave way and a num-ber of people were thrown into the water and drowned under the ice. The extent of the calamity is not known but many per-sons are reported missing and are believed to have been drowned.

Isse Prof. John Peters, of the University of Pennsylvania, sailed from New York to make explorations in and about Babylon. He was accompanied by Prof. Robert F. Harper, of Yale college; Prof. Hilprecht, Mr. Percy Field and Mr. Prince. The expedition was at first very successful and the reports sent home were full of promise. Last month, however, Dr. John Peters and party arrived in New York quietly without any of the curios which they had been successful in unearthing. The Ottoman Porte had seized them all, and weary with negotiations with the Turkish custom house officials and sending in petitions and complaints to the Sultan, which were simply "shoved under the divan," the party returned to America and placed their case in the hands of Secretary Blaine. The success of the state department and the United States minister in Constantinopie in hurrying matters must have beer simply phenomenal, for several of the archaic treasures found in the temple of Bel have all nomenai, for several of the archaic treas-ures found in the temple of Bei have al-ready arrived in Philadelphia and the re-mainder are supposed to be on the way.

Cony to Visit the Indians.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 5 .- Colonel Cody Buffalo Bill) will leave to-morrow morn ing on an important mission among the In-dians, being sent by Governor Nayer. The latter decimes at present to make known the purpose of the mission.

THE ADMINISTRATION'S POSITION

Defined-The Secretary of State Talks in His Usual Buncombe Style-Comments of the London Press.

Washington, Jan. 5 .- Secretary Blaine's letter begins with an instance upon the correctness of the position assumed by the United States. He believes the controversy turns upon one point-whether the phrase "Pacific ocean" used in the treaties of 1824 and 1825 included Behring sea as contended by Great Britain. If the United States can prove the contrary the case is complete and undeniable. Therefore Blaine enters into an exhaustive argument based on Bancroft's histories and maps to show that Adams and his contemporaries had a distinct understanding that the phrase

The secretary describes the destructive effects upon seal life of unrestricted sealing, and says. "Great Britain has been informed, advised and warned again and again of the evil effects that would flow from her course of action, but against testimony that amounts to demonstration she has preferred to abide by personal representations from Ottawa, by reports of commissioners who examined nothing and heard nothing, except the testimony of those engaged in a business against which the United States earnestly protested. She may possibly be convinced of the damage if she will send an intelligent commissioner to Pribyloff islands." to Pribyloff islands"

Respecting the British proposition look

ing to arbitration the secretary says: "I will mean something tangible in the Presi to arbitrate the real questions which have been under discussion between the two governments for the last four years. I shall endeavor to state what, in the judg-ment of the President, these issues are:

i-What exclusive jurisdiction on the sea now known as Behring sea, and what exclusive rights in the seal disheries of Behring did Rus-sia assert and exercise prior and up to the time of the accession of Alaska to the United

cident in connection with the relation of these soal fisheries to the territorial possessions of the United States;
6-If the determination of the foregoing questions shall leave the subject in such a position that the concurrence of Great Britain is necessary to prescribing the regulations for failing for scale in any part of the waters of Hehrings sea, then it shall be further determined; 1-How far, if at all, outside of the ordinary territorial limits it is necessary the United States should exercise exclusive jurisdiction in order to protect the seals, for the time being, upon the islands of the United States and feeding therefrom? 3-Whether a closed season, during which the killing of scale in the waters of Behring sea outside the ordinary territorial limits shall be prohibited, is necessary to save the seal dishing industry, so invaluable and important to mankfud, from deterioration to save the seal fishing industry, so invaluable and important to mankind, from deterioration or destruction? And if so, 3—What months, or parts of months, should be included in such season, and over what watersites should it extend?

Secretary Blaine in conclusion denies that the United States ever claimed Behring sea to be a closed sea.

No Information of an Ultimatum in Ottawa.

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Dispatch.] OTTAWA, Out. Jan. 4 .- Sir John Thompson, minister of justice, stated to your representative last night that the govern-

Louis Stevenson's "South Sea Ballais" do not meet with favor; all the press reviews contain unkind comments. Mr. Stevenson thought he was giving the public the best effort of his life. The public, however, expresses decided disappointment. The work shows care and great labor, but the press will probably reduce the circulation of the book by harsh criticism.

Miss Helen Dauvray has just arrived in Miss Helen Dauvray has just arrived in London from New York. She is staying at Hotel Metropole. She is very reticent concerning her future movements. She was willing to talk about her stormy passage across the Atlantic, but not a word about her business have been shown as here.

The Newfoundland Fishery Trouble.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 5 .- Rev. Dr. Hawley, who arrived from St. Johns, Newley, who arrived from St. Johns, New foundiand, Saturday, reports the people in a continued state of indignation over the announcement that a settlement of the bait and French shore questions is to be effected without reference to the colony. Regarding the probability of serious trouble in the spring, Dr. Hawley says Newfoundland cannot fight either England or France, but if a score of French fishermen are shot or drowned, England and France must settle the matter between them.

The Silver Pool investigation.

3-How far were their claims of jurisdiction as to seal fisheries recognized and conceded by dreat Britain:

3-Was the body of water known as Behring sea included in the phrase Pacific ocean's used in the treaty of 1835 between Great Britain and Russiar And what rights, if any, in Schring sea were given or conceded to Great Britain by said treaty?

4-Did not all the rights of Russia as to jurisdiction and as to the seal fisheries in Behring sea east of the water boundary in the treaty between the United States under that treaty?

5-What are now the rights of the United States under that treaty?

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6-What are now the rights of the United States of the chain state of the residence of the chief territorial limits? Whether such rights great rights of jurisdiction held by her in such lisheries, or in the waters of Behring sea, or out of the cossion by Russia of any special rights of jurisdiction held by her in such lisheries, or in the waters of Behring sea, or out of the cossion by Russia of any special rights of jurisdiction held by her in such lisheries in families, associate justices of the capinet and families, associate justices of the supreme family, vice President and Mrs. Morton, members of the supreme court and their wites and many foreign families, associate justices of the supreme court and their wites and many foreign representatives. was married to night at St. John's Epis copal church to Hugh Campbell Wallace, of Tacoma, Wash. The marriage was a brilliant one and the reception was afterwards held at the residence of the chief

## SLAVERY IN AFRICA.

The Pope Issues an Encyclical on the Subject.

MISSIONARY ESTABLISHMENTS

Are to Play an Important Part in the Sup-Pression of the Trade-An Appeal for Aid.

[Special to THE HUHALD—Examiner Despoted.] New York, Jan. 4.-His grace Archishop Corrigan yesterday issued an important letter which, together with the encyclical of the Pope, will be read in all the Catholic churcaes of this archdiocesse to-day. The letter orders that a collection

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THE PAPER OF TH

the task of dividing these afterings among the missions which are or will be installed in those parts of Africa principally for the destruction of slavery, and the rule fol-lowed in this partition will be that the money provided by nations having Catholic missions for the liberation of slaves, as we, have said, shall be applied to sustain and help those missions. The rest of the funds will be distributed with care among the help those missions. The rest of the funds will be distributed with care among the poorest missions by the same sacred con-

The Morse Silver Brick Case. Washington, Jan. 5.-E. O. Leech, director of the mint, said this morning he

The Silver Pool investigation. Washington, Jan. 5.-The House committee on rules had an informal meeting to-day, at which Dockery's resolution call

Delameter & Co.'s Assets and Liabilities. CHICAGO. Jan, 5 .- The statement of the appraisers of the banking firm of Detamater & Co. shows the assets are \$31,000. The liabilities, it is said, will amount to